





Exchange event between the European phenomic community and industry

Progress on Design and analysis of phenotyping experiments across multiple platforms

Emilie Millet & Fred van Eeuwijk (WUR)

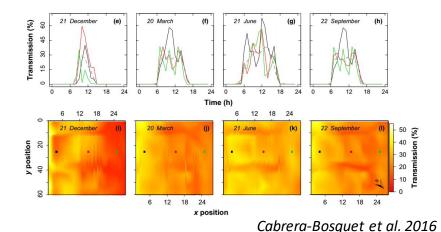


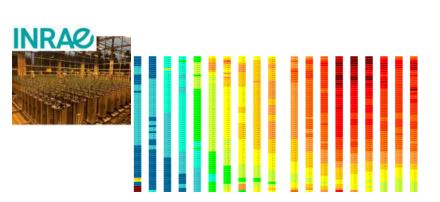
Background



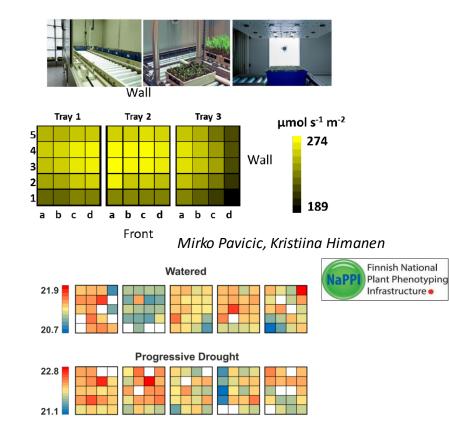
Design the experiments and analyse the phenomics data with appropriate tools and methods

Platform = variability space and time





Christian Jeudy, Christophe Salon



Background



Design the experiments and analyse the phenomics data with appropriate tools and methods

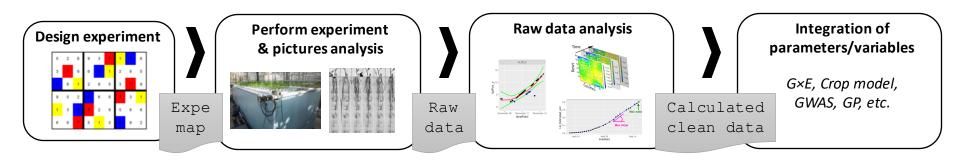
Platform = variability space and time

Platform = repeated measurement on thousands of units (plants, organs, etc.)

- \rightarrow need to consider tools for **designing and analysing**
- 1. Include and correct for variability = increase precision of phenotype
- 2. Keep track of decisions = traceability (FAI $\underline{\mathbf{R}}$) + data re-use
- 3. Automation of the process = save time
- 4. New software/tools publicly available = adoption by the community

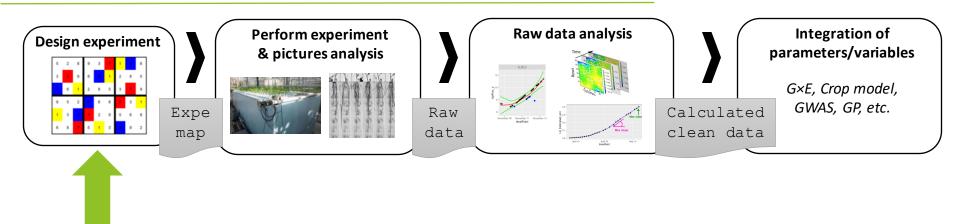








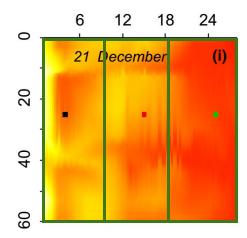








The main goal of the experimental design: random allocation of treatment but not only...

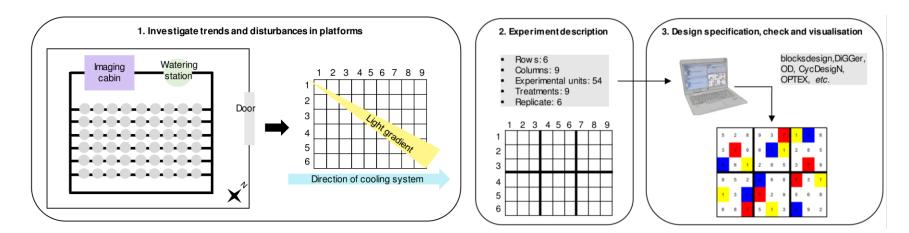


Expected environmental variability in 1 or 2 directions (rows and columns):

 \rightarrow define set of experimental units that are considered to be internally homogeneous: block.

 \rightarrow restrict the randomization of a two-way layout to assign the treatments to experimental units in a balanced way: latinization

Simple procedure to help choosing the design:





A user-friendly interface of a design generator has been developed (web app)

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EPPN2020 Design Generator

Resolvable Row Column

row, column, 2d-blocking, resolvable

The RCD approach consists in viewing the phenotyping ...

randomized, random, blocking, simple

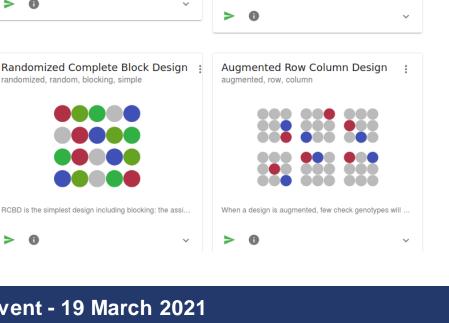
Available designs:

- Resolvable Row-Column (augmented)
- Randomized Complete Block
- Augmented Row-Col
- Split-Plot
- Partially replicated (p-rep)

Create a «facility» based on the layout of his own platform.

 \Rightarrow the user specify the design details/layout (number of genotypes, the number of replicates, etc.)

 \Rightarrow gives warnings when mis-specified \Rightarrow allows visualisation of the 2D map of the experiment





Split-Plot

levels

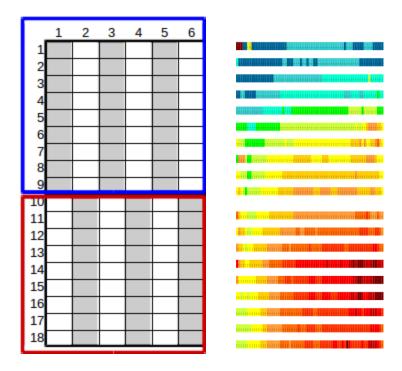
split-plot, split, whole-plot, sub-plot, factors,

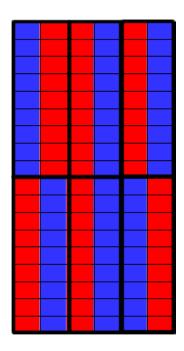
An experimental design with a nested structure where at .





9 genotypes x 2 water level x 6 repetitions \rightarrow How to design this?





Split the treatment in two part of the platform and randomize the genotypes

- -> What if there is environmental variability?
- -> Cannot assess the water effect

Split into main block (water) and subplot (genotypes) and latinized the genotypes -> What software?

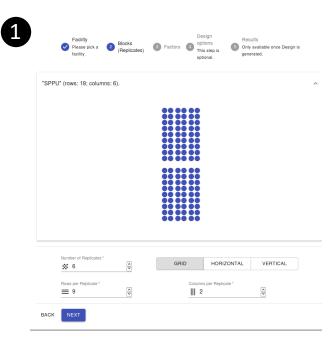




VSNi

Robert Horne, Darren Murray

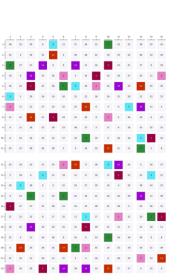
The design generator web app



| | 9; columns: 6). Note: Other blocks no | | | ^ |
|---|---------------------------------------|---------|----------|---|
| | SUBSTRATE | COLOR | GENOTYPE | |
| ٢ | | | | |
| | | ••• ••• | | |
| | | | | |
| | | | | |
| | | | | |
| | | | | |
| | | | | |

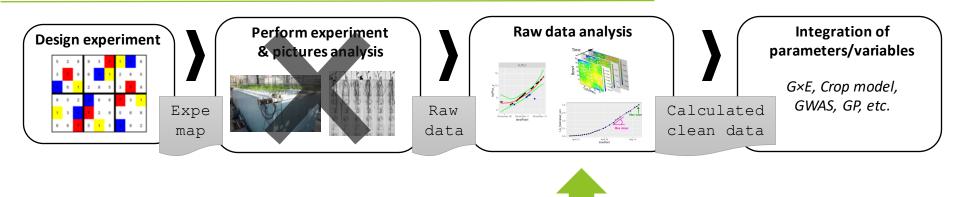
| Treatment Factors: | | | | | + |
|--------------------|--------|----------------|--------|---------|---|
| Factor | Lovels | Applied where? | Layout | Actions | |
| Substrate | 2 | Whole Plot | Orid | 1 | |
| Genotype | 27 | Sub Plot | Orid | 1 | |
| | | | | | |













In classical field trial = multiple environments + one time measurement (yield)

- 1. correction for spatial variability per environment
- 2. combining environments
- = stage-wise analysis
- Or 1 + 2 at once

=> Two methods can be equivalent if weights (error) are carried on from stage 1 to stage 2

In phenomics = multiple experimental series + multiple time measurement (+ multiple scales)

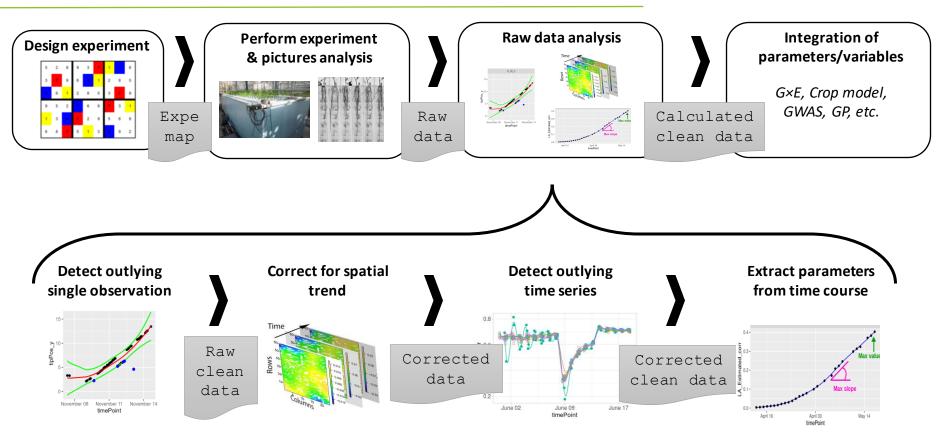
- \rightarrow How to model spatial and temporal trends in high-dimensional data?
- Time + Space in 3D models?
- Longitudinal modelling → spatial correction?
- Spatial correction → time modelling?
- How to detect outliers?

Advantages of stage-wise:

- making diagnostic of individual experiments
- clean individual experiment data
- sometimes required to obtained starting values of one-stage analysis







R pakage: statgenHTP



statgenHTP: High Throughput Phenotyping (HTP) Data Analysis

1.0.1

Phenotypic analysis of data coming from high throughput phenotyping (HTP) platforms, including different types of outlier detection, spatial analysis, and parameter estimation. The package is being developed within the EPPN2020 project (<<u>https://eppn2020.plantphenotyping.eu/</u>>). Some functions have been created to be used in conjunction with the R package 'asreml' for the 'ASReml' software, which can be obtained upon purchase from 'VSN' international (<<u>https://www.vsnl.co.uk/software/asreml</u>>).

Version:

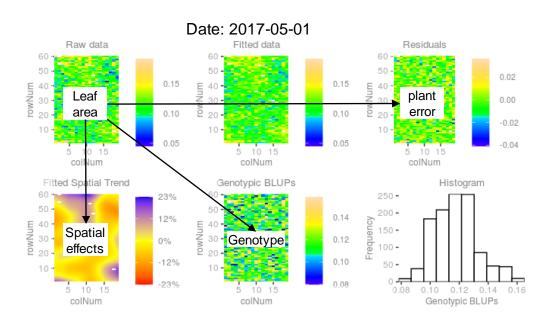


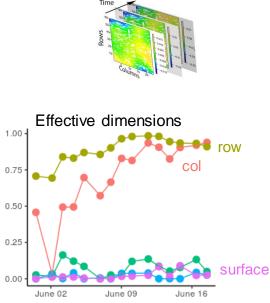


Correction of spatial trends and design factors



Accurately separate the genetic (treatment) effects from the spatial effects at each time point using flexible 2-dimensional P-spline surfaces (SpATS in R):





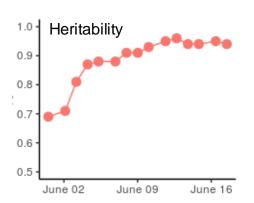
(1) Correction following the partition by Welham et al. 2004 \rightarrow data at the **experimental/observational unit level**

or

- (2) Prediction
- \rightarrow data at the treatment (genotype) level



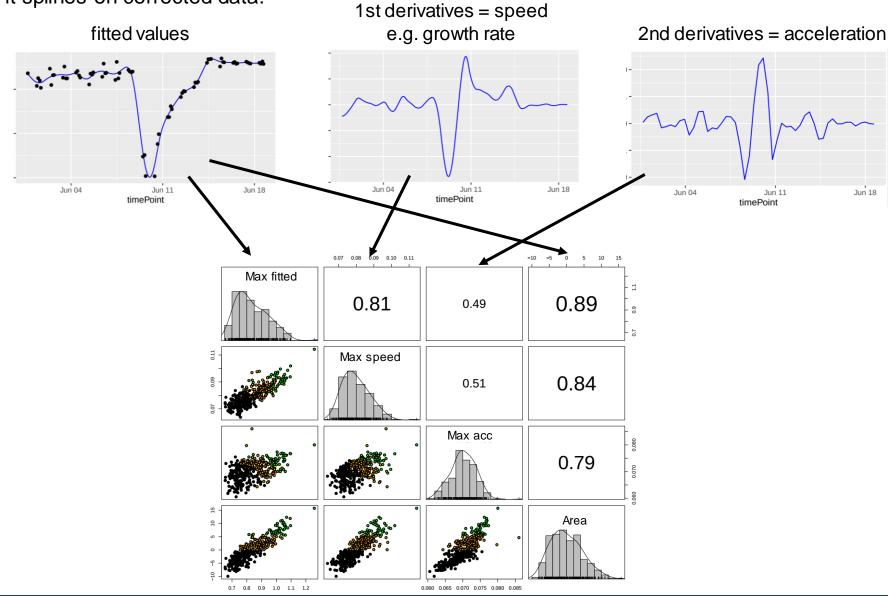
Diana Perez Maria Xose Rodriguez Alvarez





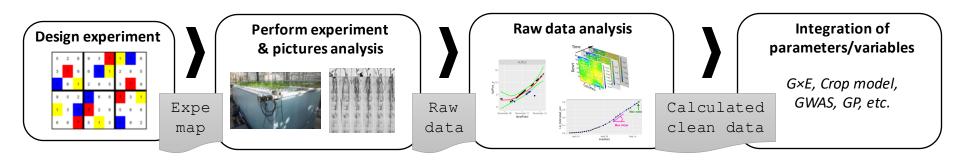


Fit splines on corrected data:











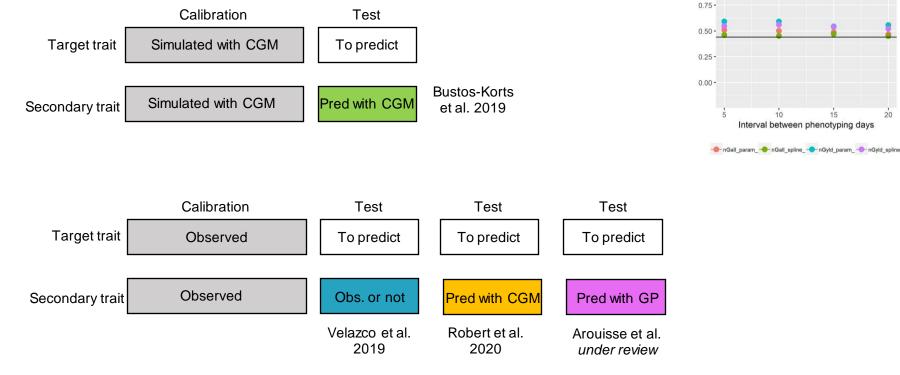


Integration of multiple experiments/scales

Multiple experiments = $G \times E$ and $QTL \times E$ in platform too \rightarrow allelic effect vs. environmental cov

 \rightarrow multi-trait QTL





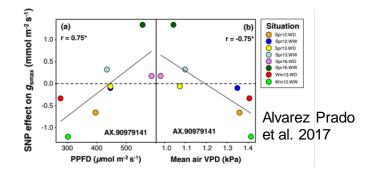




Exchange event - 19 March 2021

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Summary

Development of new technology = big data in phenomics

- \rightarrow Need to adapt existing methods and to streamline the analysis/cleaning process
- Experimental design also in platform \rightarrow Design generator + procedures
- Strategy for data analysis in multiple stages \rightarrow statgenHTP R package

BrAPI

Part of a pipeline of analysis with multiple modules ٠

Collaborative work, multi-disciplines

- Dialog with platform managers/users
- Platform user decision/expertise •
- Link with IS and data re-use
- **FMPHASIS** standards









Ackowledgement





F van Eeuwijk W Kruijer M Boer B van Rossum M Aarts R Boesten





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ANR



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